

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

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Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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W. P. WALTON.

How Young Allison Leaped Into Fame.

Mr. Bennett has deigned one of the best men in the New York Herald office to read the exchange of that paper closely, and watch the bright and original writers, and employ them to work for the Herald at any cost. This reminds me of a local episode. Five years ago Donald Padman, who was then the managing editor of the *Courier-Journal*, read an account of a sensational midnight lynching at Mt. Vernon, Ind., that made his hair stand on end. It was the best bit of graphic writing and the cleverest piece of newspaper work he had seen for many a day, and Mr. Padman promptly wrote to Evansville to find out the name of the author. He learned in a few days that a modest young gentleman named Allison—Young E. Allison—had reported the hanging and that the young gentleman in question was pegging away on the *Evansville Journal* for a paltry thirty dollars a week. Padman immediately wrote, offering Mr. Allison the city editorship of the *Courier-Journal*, which he accepted and held for two years, when he resigned to become the managing editor of the *Commercial*. To-day (with the exception of a few feeble notions about the utter worthlessness of a base ball and society column) Mr. Allison is incomparably the most talented young writer and most finished young journalist in the South. He draws a handsome salary, has earned lots and lots of fame, is married and a father, and is going to Marengo Cave to-morrow to hear what sort of music a brass band can make in the bowels of the earth. And it was all on account of a hanging.—[Louisville Post.

It was customary in England to applaud the preachers in the pulpit two hundred years ago. Of Bishop Burnet, Macaulay says: "He was often interrupted by the deep hum of his audience, and when after preaching out the hour glass, which in those days was a part of the furniture of the pulpit, he held it up in his hand, the congregation clamorously encouraged him to go on till the sand had run off once more." How times have changed! In several leading churches in this city there are little clocks placed behind the desk, just at the speaker's feet, and in others watches have been set in the woodwork of the pulpit immediately under the preacher's eyes. These are to admonish the speaker to "cut it short." People are no longer "gospel greedy," as the Scotch say.

Everywhere we encounter the tennis fiend. He is usually a verdant young man of seventeen. He wears knickerbockers, a white woolen shirt, white canvas shoes, and a white cap far enough back on his head not to disturb his bang. In his hand he always carries a racket, and thus equipped saunters around hotel balconies and smokes cigarettes. He doesn't play tennis. He simply dresses this way because it is picturesque and cheap. With a racket in his hand he can loaf around the parlor and talk with all the pretty girls. Take the racket away and he would look like a stone mason. Put a trowel or something useful in his hand and all the girls would cut him.—[Lake George Letter.

It is stated that not less than 60,000 canary birds are sold in New York city every year, beside 3,000 parrots, 1,000 mocking birds, 1,200 to 1,500 cat finches, 4,000 goldfinches, which flocks, skylarks, birds of paradise, of which 500 a year are sold; grackles, nonpareils and a long list of common American birds, such as robins, yellow birds, etc. The canaries alone sell for \$100,000 at least, while the trades in other birds bring the gross sales to \$250,000. This represents the business done by regular breeders and importers. It does not include what may be called the family traffic.

A Western jeweler has invented a novel timepiece in the shape of a steel wire stretched across his show window, in which a stuffed canary hops from left to right, indicating as it goes the hour of the day by pointing with his beak at a dial stretched beneath the wire, and having the figures from one to twenty-four. When it reaches the latter figure, it glides across the window to one again. There is no mechanism that can be seen, it all being inside the wire. The inventor says he was three years in studying it out.

A Western man who was touring through the East, in passing a meadow heard the driver say: "Abandon the direct progression to the straight thitherward, and deviate by inclinator and aberrant dextrogyration into a dextral incline."

It was an amateur Boston farmer saying "gee Buck" to his yoke of oxen.

Sister Anne:—"Now, Ethel, be sure and pray God to make you a good girl."

Ethel (praying):—"Dear God, please God to make me a good little girl, and if at first you don't succeed, why try, try again."

BRUIN HUGGED A BUSY SAW.—"Talking about funny things," said a Michigan lumberman, "the funniest thing I ever heard of happened in my saw mill. We used a heavy upright saw for sawing large timber. One day, not long ago, the men had all gone to dinner and left the saw, which was run by water power, going at full speed. While we were away, a big black bear came into the mill and went nosing around. The saw caught his fur and twitched him a little. Bruin did not like that worth a cent, so he turned around and gave the saw a stroke with his paw. Result: a badly cut paw. A blow with the other paw followed, and it was also cut. The bear was by this time aroused to perfect fury, and rushing at the saw, he caught it in his grasp and gave it a tremendous hug. I was his last hug, and we lived on bear steak for a week. When we came up from dinner, there was half a bear on each side of the saw, which was running on as nicely as though it had never seen a bear."

OLD TIME ETIQUETTE IN VIRGINIA.—Queer vestiges of old time etiquette still linger in Virginia. It used to be, and in a measure is still, considered the height of rudeness for a person in driving to pass another person on the road. As a result, the slowest coach on the road could keep all the others behind it; time and distance were relatively of no importance. Even now the people apologize when they pass each other on the road. It has also been alleged that a really high-bred Virginian never so far forgets etiquette as to inquire of a stranger where he was from, because the stranger might be forced to acknowledge to say some other State than Virginia, and it was only charity to spare him this mortifying admission. It is a hotly disputed point, and has been for the last 200 years, whether a guest spending the night with his host should make the move to go to bed or whether the host should.—[Boston Journal.

A monster devil fish has been caught in the Gulf of Mexico, off Galveston, Texas. These creatures are rarely seen in the neighborhood, but lately a shoal came in ashore and after much trouble one was caught in a seine. It had to be dragged ashore by horses, as it weighed fully two tons. The catch proved to be a true specimen of the "Cephalopoda Vampire," the vampire of the ocean, and as it lay dead on the beach it exactly resembled an enormous bat or vampire. The fish was sixteen feet wide from the extreme edge of the pectoral fins and fourteen feet long while the mouth was four feet wide, and was protected on each side by curious appendages like horns, with which it seized its prey.

Florida is the land of fruit as well as flowers. A paper of that State says: "Commencing with January, we have strawberries and until late in June. Japan Plums from February. Mulberries are ripe in April and last until August. Pineapples ripen in June and last nearly all the year. We have guavas from July until late the next spring. Of the various berries—dewberries, blackberries and huckleberries—almost any quantity. Peaches from May 1 until July. Melons from June until late in the fall. Oranges—the best of the kind—from October until the next June, with lemons and limes, persimmons, pomegranates, grape fruit, grapes and shadocks.

Before President Lincoln had been in office six weeks the victors had all the spoils war taking. Not a democratic postmaster with a salary of more than \$400 was anywhere to be found, and from that day until the 4th of March last democrats have not been permitted to hold an appointive Federal office. There seemed nothing extraordinary or out of course in the prediction that in the event of democratic success there would be what was called a clean sweep.—[Chicago Herald.

Old Professor Gasaway, one night last week was disturbed by the ringing of his door bell. Hastily enveloping his figure in a dressing gown, he threw open a window and sticking out his head asked what was the cause of the disturbance. "The burglars are bad, and we only wanted to tell you that one of your windows is open." "Which one?" he asked anxiously. "The one you have got your head stuck out of," Professor, replied the students in chorus.

It is a remarkable fact that a venomous snake can not poison one of its own species. It can slightly affect other kinds of poisonous snakes, and can kill quickly harmless ones. A vigorous cobra can kill several dogs, or from a dozen to twenty fowls, before its bite becomes harmless, and then its rapid secretion of virus soon makes it as dangerous as ever.

A baby was born recently in McCook county, Dakota, which only weighed two pounds. A quarter of a dollar will completely cover the palm of its hand, and a finger-ring makes a nice bracelet for it. Both mother and child are doing well.

Flowers are the bright remembrances of youth; they waft back, with their bland, odorless breath, the joyous hours that only young life knows, ere we have learnt that this fair earth hides graves.—[Countess of Blessington.

Man creeps into childhood, bounds into youth, soars into manhood, softens into age, totters into second childhood, and slumbers in the cradle prepared for him, thence to be wretched and cared for.—[Henry Giles.

The walrus, says Lieutenant Schwatka, has about an inch and a half or two inches of blubber directly under his skin and this is used by the natives to get oil for their lamps while they devour large quantities of the blubber, especially during the severe cold of winter. The meat and blubber are eaten both cooked and raw. The tough hide cut in strips about a foot long is used as dog food, and is the best material in the arctic regions for that purpose, a half dozen to a dozen of these tidbits given to a dog every other day being sufficient to keep him in fine condition right along whatever kind of work he may be doing. Sometimes the natives cook it for a day or two in their simmering kettles, and it becomes friable, but otherwise it is as tough as sole leather, and to eat it it must be cut in small bits that can be swallowed at once, as chewing it would have no more effect than it would on a trade dollar. In fact, the Russians used to take walrus hide, and cutting it into little bits, coined it into money, and found it as serviceable as metal.

A GREAT OLIVE YEAR.—This will be a cider year. Apples have never been known to be so plentiful in Connecticut, though here and there the crop has been blighted by insects. A ride in any direction will disclose tree after tree laden with apples so that the limbs fairly bend beneath their weight, in cases to the point of breaking. Even the miserable, scraggy, gnarly trees growing by the roadside have fruit strung upon their branches as thick as onions suspended from a string in a country store. Under the circumstances it is likely that there are more apples than can or will be consumed by the market and as other States share this abundance with Connecticut, it is presumable that thousands of bushels will find their way into cider mills.—[Waterbury (Conn.) American.

The law under which the Board of Equalization exists may be repealed, but the report of the session of the Board for 1885 will stand during all time as its monument. As an evidence of the capacity of a rather clever body of men to make themselves silly with and without occasion, it is at the very top of the pot. How it must go home to the heart of plain, practical, earnest Auditor Hewitt to reflect that the mass of slush is a part of the records of his office.—[Louisville Times.

"I think I am the unluckiest man in town said a husband to his wife. Smith has owed me \$20 for three months, and he promised to pay me to day."

"Didn't he pay?" she asked anxiously. "Yes, he paid, but while he was in the act of giving me the money Brown came in—you know I've owed Brown \$20 for more than a year, and, of course, I had to turn the money over to him. That's what I call hard luck.—[N. Y. Sun.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 9, 1882.—I take pleasure in stating that I have used the "Famous Tooth Wash" for the last four years, and regard it as the best and most pleasant dentifrice I have ever tried, and would not willingly exchange it for any other, or be without it. Very respectfully, W. P. McDowell, Treasurer Louisville Water Co. Prepared only by Famous Chemical Co., Louisville. For sale by M. L. Bourne, Stanford.

The growth of the cattle industry is wonderful. Twenty years ago a million of dollars would cover the amount invested in cattle ranches in the United States, while now the investment is estimated at a hundred millions. Not only in this country, but abroad, agriculture has been superseded in many places by cattle raising, which is lowering, and will continue to lower, the price of beef.

Seven thousand persons, saints and sinners, all told, have been buried by Grave-digger McNamara, of Staunton, Va., and his spade is bright enough to reflect his wrinkled features, frosted by eighty-three winters. He can dig a grave, "secundum artem," more quickly than any young man in the Shenandoah Valley.

The highest mountain in the world is Mount Everest, belonging to the Himalayan range, in Thibet. It is 29,002 feet, or five and three quarter miles high. The highest mountain in South America is 25,380 feet high. Mount Elias, in Canada, is the highest mountain in North America. It is 18,000 feet high.

New Zealand has two time standards and is a day ahead of us, except at the stroke of midnight on the 180th meridian. When it is noon of a Monday in San Francisco it is 7 A. M. and 8 A. M. of a Tuesday in New Zealand, according to what part of the island you are in.

As sunshine seems brightest after rain, and calm is most welcome after storm; as pearls are fetched from deep water, and gold is dug from deep mines, so joy is never so welcome as after sorrow. The truest joy is that poured into a broken heart.—[G. S. Byrnes.

Bourbon is the family name of a line of French kings. The term was applied in American politics to certain stubbornly unprogressive citizens, of whom it has been said that they "never learn and never forget."

The Central Methodist says: "Harry S. Hill, the temperance lecturer, and Miss Bertha C. Wood, the elocutionist, have gone traveling as husband and wife. Hill left a sick wife behind."

HUSTONVILLE, LINCOLN COUNTY.

—Last Tuesday was a proud day for Hustonville. The legend of the Statue of Memnon relates that as soon as the rays of the morning sun fell upon it, it seemed to become animated and spiritualized and broke forth in gushing strains of unearthly music, celebrating in a glad anthem the glories of the rising god of day. Similar seemed the enthusiasm and inspiration of our drowsy hamlet that morning. At sunrise an excited throng already filled the street and there was "a hurrying to and fro" suggestive in a small way of the up heavings in Belgium's startled capital long ago, while the draped, half revealed the mysteries of the toilet—before the toilet has begun—the bings unbanged, the lips untinted, the cheeks untinted and the general make up giving a lively exhibit of beauty unadorned. It soon transpired that a band of Bedouins or gypsies, or some other missing links of the chain of developing humanity, with the aid of three dancing bears and a desolate looking orphan monkey had taken possession of the village. In vain the silver star of Marshal Goode flashed its brilliancy in the eyes of the invaders. The Bedouins didn't care; the bears manifested a decided contempt of court, and the monkey busied himself in trying to kidnap a dude to complete the novelties of the menagerie. On the other hand the base ballists were devising some means to seduce a bear from his allegiance for the purpose of making a catcher for the nine, and the young ladies enraptured with the terpsichorean talent of the largest bruin exclaimed: "Oh the darling! how I should love to waltz with such a huge hugger as he!" But like all earthly bliss the scene was evanescent. The Arabs soon folded their tents and stole away and universal dullness again prevailed.—But we were destined to have another intellectual treat. While I write the melodious music of the festive charavari, in honor of the nuptials of our distinguished sable townsman, Nelson Cook, comes crashing on the evening air—not precisely the music of the spheres, perhaps, but making up in energy what it lacked in science, and furnishing an epitaphism to the blushing pair such as was never dreamed of by ancient bard or modern poet. But the proudest event of the day was the arrival of the INTERIOR JOURNAL "on time."

—John D. Carpenter has gone to Cincinnati with 127 head of hogs, weight 250 pounds.

A bee raiser of Port Jervis has discovered tons making great inroads upon the population of his hives. During the dry weather a few weeks ago he examined the hives in the morning and found a toad at the entrance of each of several boxes. The toads were apparently asleep, but as soon as a bee or two appeared would shoot out their tongues and convey the honey gatherers into their capacious mouths. The toads were killed and dissected and many bees found in their stomachs. The bee raiser has elevated the hives.

The very acme of advertising has been attained by the agent of the actress Miss Greville Ward in making the Maori King fairly mad to marry her. As the M. K. had many wives already, Miss Ward declined to join the throng. Then the M. K. offered to kill his whole harem, so that Miss Ward should have no cause for jealousy. And then she fled.

The total number of miles of railroad in the United States at the close of 1884 was 125,379, of which 2,977 miles were constructed during the year. The construction so far this year amounts to but 1,627 miles, less than any year since 1879.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chancres, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

Very Remarkable Discovery.

Mr. Geo. V. Willing, of Manchester, Michigan, writes: "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used to bottles of Electric Bitters and is so much improved that she is now able to do her own work." Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative powers. Only 50 cents a bottle at Penny & McAllister's.

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Texas, by the remarkable discovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, and by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh 30 pounds. Trial bottles of this Great Discovery for Consumption free at Penny & McAllister's.

Positive Cure for Piles.

To the people of this county we would say that we have been given the Agency of Dr. Marchal's Italian Pile Ointment—emphatically guaranteed to cure or money refunded—Internal, External, Blind Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50c a box. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.

We emphatically guarantee Dr. Marchal's Catamenial, a Female Remedy, to cure Female Diseases, such as Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhoea, besides many weaknesses springing from the above, like Headache, Bloating, Spinal Weakness, Sleeplessness, Nervous Debility, Palpitation of the Heart, &c. For sale by Druggists. Price \$1 and \$1.50 per bottle. Send to Dr. J. B. Marchal, Utica, N. Y., for pamphlet, free. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

W. L. DAWSON

is a candidate for Jailer of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

SAM. M. OWENS

is a candidate for Jailer of Lincoln County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Notice!

All persons indebted to the estate of B. F. Edwards, dec'd., by note or account will please come forward and settle by the 20th of this month.

MRS. SARAH RUBANKS, Administratrix.

MILLINERY.

Miss Kate Logan and Mrs. Fannie Edmiston

Are daily receiving a choice and well selected line of Fall and Winter Millinery, to which they invite the attention of the ladies of this vicinity. It will be their study to please and they hope to merit a full share of patronage. Store on Lancaster street, first one above Main, Stanford. 56-11

FOR SALE,

A Desirable Residence

On Danville street, in Stanford. The lot contains two acres and has on it a comfortable dwelling, stable, wood-house, corn crib, a splendid cistern, and a large number of fruit and ornamental trees. This is one of the most desirable residences in the place. For terms and further particulars apply to JOHN H. PHILIPS, Stanford. 56-11

FOR SALE.

The Farm on the road from Hustonville to Liberty, in Lincoln County, Ky., 1 mile from Hustonville, formerly occupied by Mrs. Phoebe Blain, dec'd., containing about 125 acres of valuable Blue-Grass land, well watered, with a good line of the turnpike road, with comfortable improvements. Any one desirous of owning a valuable home will do well to see this land. A good person wanting to purchase will call on R. S. Tucker, who will show the Farm and give price and terms, or address T. A. Blain, Stowers postoffice, Simpson county, Ky. (36-11) T. A. BLAIN, Agent.

SALE OF STOCK!

As Executors of James Crow, dec'd., we will, at his late residence, four miles Northwest of Stanford, on the Stanford & Shelby City pike, sell at public auction

On Tuesday, September 22, 1885,

The following property, to-wit:

Four broke Mules, 1 2-year-old Mule, 1 yearling Mule, 1 large roke of Cattle, 1 yearling Steer, 1 yearling Heifer, 2 calves, 2 very fine thoroughbred Cows, 1 thoroughbred Bull Calf, 1 aged Jennet, 1 Jack Colt, 1 Jack 3 years old in September, over 15 hands high, and one of the best in the State for his age; about 12 head of hogs, 100 gallons of very fine Blackberry Wine, about 4 years old, 20 barrels of old corn, 50 bushels of old wheat, 130 barrels of new corn in the field, 3 stacks of hay, several thousand bundles of oats, a lot of bacon and lard, together with all of the farming implements, consisting of plows, harrows, 1 wheat drill, 1 mow, 3 farm wagons, among them 1 two-horse wagon, nearly new, 1 spring wagon, 1 hay rake, 1 buggy and harness, wagon and plow gear, and various other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms reasonable and made known on day of sale.

O. J. & C. K. CROW, Esqs., Stanford, Ky.

English & Classical School

Christian College Building, HUSTONVILLE, - - - KY.

The Third Annual Session will open Wednesday SEPT. 16, 1885. Course of instruction thorough. Development of the mind the end to be attained. Terms reasonable. For circulars apply to MISS H. BURGIN, Principals.

MILLERSBURG—

FEMALE COLLEGE

This popular school for young ladies will be reopened, under entirely new auspices, SEPTEMBER 9th, 1885.

—WITH—

Rev. C. Pope, of Augusta, Ga., as President,

—AND—

Mrs. S. C. Trueheart as Lady Principal.

Aided by one of the most Competent and Experienced faculties in the State. Parents may rest assured of the most thorough training of their daughters in all that pertains to mind, manners and morals, as committed to our care. For catalogues containing information as to terms, &c., address

REV. C. POPE, Millersburg, Ky.

OR MRS. S. C. TRUEHEART, Stanford, Ky.

Stanford Female College,

STANFORD, KY.

ALEX. S. PAXTON, A. B. Pres.

The next sess on of this well-known institution will begin on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1885.

—The President assisted by—

A Corps of Efficient Instructors,

Will endeavor to give careful training and thorough instruction to the pupils committed to his charge. Terms reasonable. Send for circular.

TESTIMONIALS:

[From J. J. White, Professor of Greek.]

WASHINGTON & LEE UNIVERSITY.

LEXINGTON, VA., July 15, 1882.

Mr. Alex. S. Paxton graduated at this Institution in 1861. Has been engaged in teaching since the war, and being capable and conscientious, has been very successful in his profession.

[From James A. Walker, recently Lieut.-Governor of Virginia.]

NEWBURN, VA., June 20, 1872.

It affords me pleasure to bear testimony to the qualifications and efficiency of Mr. Alex. S. Paxton as a teacher. His discipline is kind, but firm and good.

[From the Rev. J. Rice Bowman, D. D.]

HARRISBURG, PA., July 4, 1882.

I take pleasure in testifying to Mr. Alex. S. Paxton's high literary attainments, his zeal in his profession, his facility in imparting instruction and his conscientious regard for the moral as well as the intellectual development of the youth committed to his care.

[From S. P. Hall, Sec. Board of Trustees Bolivar Academy, Tenn.]

MADISONVILLE, TENN., April 1, 1879.

Prof. Alex. S. Paxton taught in Bolivar Male & Female Academy. His general deportment was that of a refined, Christian gentleman. In the school room he proved himself a ripe scholar, a thorough and efficient instructor and a good disciplinarian.

(47)

It has taken the lead in the class of that class, and has given much universal satisfaction.

It has won the prize in the public and now ranks among the leading medicinal preparations of the world.

It is sold by all the leading druggists and chemists.

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LEE F. HUFFMAN,

SURGEON DENTIST, STANFORD, KY.

Office—South side Main Street, two doors above the Myers Hotel.

Pure Nitrous Oxide Gas administered when required.

DR. W. B. PENNY, Dentist, STANFORD, KENTUCKY.

Office on Lancaster street, next door to INTERIOR JOURNAL office. Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and 1 to 5 P. M. Anesthetics administered when necessary. (154-17.)

LUMBER!

All classes of Building Material for sale at my premises on the Hustonville pike.

47-111 F. REID, Stanford.

Small Farm For Sale!

Situated 2½ miles from Stanford on the Danville pike, containing 43½ Acres in a high state of cultivation, new dwelling with 4 rooms and kitchen, two never-failing springs, &c. Addres

52-111 W. L. DAWSON, Stanford.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

I will deliver ice to regular customers in Stanford and vicinity every morning at

ONE CENT PER POUND

Accounts due at the close of each month, or when customer quits.

19-11 R. E. BARROW.

—AT—

Masonheimer's Restaurant

—OPPOSITE COURT-HOUSE—

DANVILLE, - - - KENTUCKY.

Meals served at all hours. Game always on hand and in its season, oysters fresh fish, and similar delicacies served in all styles and on short notice. Look out for the sign "Woodbine Restaurant" and call when you are hungry.

F. W. MASONHEIMER & CO., Danville, Ky.

PIANOS, ORGANS, MUSIC, &c

We are agents for the old and reliable John Church Co. of Cincinnati, Ohio, for the sale of Pianos, Organs, Automatic Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise in Lincoln and Garrard counties, Kentucky. Monthly Payments received until paid for. The best standard makers: Wm. Knabe & Co., Hazleton Bros., Decker & Son, Everett and New England Pianos, either upright or square. In Organs, the following well-known makers: Clough & Warren, John Church & Co. and the Sterling, with the patent

Chime Bells Attachment.

The Celestion, an Automatic Musical Instrument, the most perfect in the world.

Illustrated catalogues sent free to all who apply, also the best references from those who have bought and tried any of the above musical instruments. Address us at Stanford, KY.

S. R. & L. J. COOK.

57-111

L. & N.

—THE GREAT—

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

—TO THE—

Stanford, Ky., September 18, 1885

W. P. WALTON.

THE republican papers are publishing a cock and bull story to the effect that Secretary Bayard threatens to resign if Controller Durham's decision in the Alabama Claims question is not reversed. He is credited with saying that the court is an adjunct of the Department of State, is under his control absolutely, and that Judge Durham has exceeded his authority in some decisions he has rendered effecting it. He characterizes Judge Durham's decision in reference to Gen. Creswell's salary, as narrow minded and picaresque, and threatens to bring the question before the Cabinet. Of course all this is a lie for it was stated at the time that Judge Durham had consulted the Secretary in advance of rendering his decision and that he had agreed with him on any and every point.

THE Yeoman says: "We have strong men in the Cabinet, and the President is represented as morally strong, and we ought soon to see some of the good results of the victory. Civil Service reform as carried out by the commission at Washington is a fraud that ought to be ignored." Mark the language, "the President is represented as morally strong." Don't you know he is strong when he can set down with such force as he did on the Big 4? You (that is Col. Johnston) want to see some good results of the victory and yet when good democrats want a disgustingly, offensive partisan removed, you protest and do so under authority of your office as chairman of the Democratic Central Committee. The president should fight shy of the advice of such as you.

ABOUT the meanest thing ever heard of was the attempt of the Frankfort clique to defeat the appointment of Capt. Grubbs by filing the fact that indictments existed against him in the Boyle Circuit Court, and it shows to what extremity the members composing it will go to accomplish their purpose. The indictments were for standing a little Alderney bull, the offense was committed through misapprehension and the indictments obtained to gratify spite. In view of the miserable business the Louisville Times of Wednesday made the following cutting suggestion: "Jumbo will not march in the Tobacco Procession, but Col. Stoddard Johnston might be induced to lead Grubbs' bull in the great parade."

FORTY years ago the most prominent man in Virginia politics was William Smith, known everywhere as "Extra Billy." Honored twice by election to the governorship of the State and repeatedly elected to Congress, he occupied a high place in the estimation of the people who delighted to vote for him. The old gentleman still lives and a few days ago celebrated his 90th birthday. A writer says he goes over his farm near Warrenton daily, and is as erect in carriage, prompt in speech, clear in faculties and perfect in health as ever, and does not present the appearance of a man of more than sixty.

THAT disgrace to his family, Tom Crittenton, who no doubt ought to be hung for the murder of Rose Mosby, at Anchorage, but who obtained a change of venue to Taylorsville, a hung jury and subsequent bail, has, according to the Commercial, done but little else to get drunk since his release and has narrowly escaped being killed several times. His last exploit was to get in a row with a gambler, at whom he snapped his pistol twice. It is sincerely hoped that he will reach the end of his rope before he murders some one else.

SENATOR MAHONE attacked two boys at Petersburg with a cowhide because, as he alleged, they had led his son, Butler, astray. One of the youths, each of whom is an angel as compared with the trifling Butler, did not like that kind of treatment and made for the old repudiator with a knife. Unfortunately for the good of old Virginia, a by-stander prevented the carving, and the old case still lives to disgrace the State whose name was once the synonym of all that was honest and chivalrous.

AS USUALLY there is much doubt as to the way New York will go in the coming election, though the democrats seem confident of success. In the twelve presidential elections since 1840, in which there was a test between two parties, the democrats have carried the State seven times and the whigs or republicans five. Cleveland carried it by 192,000 majority for governor in 1882 and in 1884 had but a little over 1,000 plurality.

"THE malice of his enemies" is what Col. Stoddard Johnston calls the comments of every respectable newspaper in the State on his proscription of official honor in the Murphy business. The Col. knows well enough that there is no malice about it. The press and people are alike indignant at this course and want him to resign the place he should no longer hold.

JOHNSTON says he protested against Grubbs' appointment because it was a dis-courtesy to Representative Breckinridge and the latter says he protested simply and solely to oblige Johnston. The honest democracy of the State enters its protest against either of them undertaking to boss appointments hereafter.

WE congratulate our sprightly contemporary, the South Kentuckian, on being able to move into new quarters built and expressly designed for it. Mescham is making the Hopkivillians a splendid paper and they are showing their appreciation by a liberal patronage.

THE Covington Commonwealth seems to be a hair splitter. It is "agin" Johnston because "he used his influence to keep in office a stinking republican partisan as against a straightout, competent democrat" and yet continues to say it is for Major for Public Printer. That paper does not seem to appreciate the fact that the two men are partners and that Major's election will be as big a thing for Johnston as for him.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—Winchester's population is 3515 and growing.

—A fire at Hot Springs, Ark., burned a dozen buildings, including two hotels. Loss \$3,000.

—Calvin McIntyre, for killing Reuben Force, was condemned to die at Georgetown. Both negroes.

—Hon. William D. Rousemeyer has revived the New York Star and will make it a strictly democratic paper.

—John L. Sullivan was fined \$1 and costs, amounting to \$17, for playing base ball on Sunday at Cleveland.

—Col. George Ward Nichols, founder and president of the College of Music, Cincinnati, is dead of consumption.

—Wm. Harper, a native of Graves county, Ky., has been sentenced to be hung at Paragond, Ark., October 30, for murder.

—Nine tramps were imprisoned in a freight car near Guilford, Ind., by an accident to the train and three of them suffocated.

—Near Livermore, Cal., L. C. Cull strangled his wife to death and Wm. Finley killed his wife with a butcher-knife near Curmi, Ill.

—A student in the State College at Lexington, George Landfair, of Celina, O., was arrested and taken back home for the burglary of a jewelry store.

—The safe of Hoor & Utterback, at Blandville, Ky., was blown open Monday night and \$6,000 stolen; \$1,800 of the amount belonging to the county.

—Every day develops a new case of defalcation among the township trustees of Indiana. The whole State seems to have been honey-combed with this species of fraud.

—John B. Thompson went to the Treasury Department at Washington and explained the irregularity in the shipment of his whisky and it was immediately ordered released.

—The yards of the Southern Pump Company, at Nashville, containing 6,000,000 feet of lumber, burned Wednesday. The total loss is \$200,000 and the insurance \$100,000.

—Kentucky needs some sheriffs and jailers with courage to shoot into the drunken mobs who batter down the doors of the jails. [Courier Journal. She does for a fact.]

—The Lee brothers, two of the most noted desperadoes in Texas, have been hunted down and killed by three detectives. Rewards aggregating \$7,000 had been offered for their capture dead or alive.

—Mr. Cleveland's position on the silver question is to-day precisely what it was last winter, when, before he was inaugurated President, he declared himself in favor of suspending the coinage of silver dollars. [Washington dispatch.]

—A seat in the New York Cotton Exchange was sold Monday at \$2,040, which is nearly \$400 less than the average price heretofore. A seat in the Stock Exchange is worth about \$20,000 and in the Produce Exchange about \$2,000.

—It has been discovered that the Treasury Department employs sixty four persons at an expense of \$25,000 to the government to count \$35,000 worth of beer stamp paper. The same work is done by two girls employed by the manufacturers.

—Peter Knobach of Locust Gap, Pa., who in a fit of jealousy shot his sweet heart, Miss Julia Kramer, through the head while she stood conversing with a rival suitor, was sentenced to six years solitary confinement in the county prison.

—In the thirty eight mile race over the New York Yacht Club course Monday, the Paritan defeated the Genesta 16 minutes 19 seconds corrected time, or 16 minutes 47 seconds actual time. The wind was extremely light from the start to Sandy Hook going out, and from there to the finish coming in.

—Much of the recent news may be called elemental. A tornado wipes out a town in Ohio, the floods have destroyed the crops in Bengal, and Paris has been visited by a whirlwind. As a small addendum to this a cloud-burst on Wednesday swept away in a few minutes eight miles of railroad in Arizona.

—In the Postoffice Department 325 Presidential Postmasters and 7,700 fourth-class Postmasters have been appointed—a fourth in the first case and a sixth in the second, of the whole number in the country. Eight hundred clerks out of 4,300 in the Railway Mail Service are new men. Seventy five of the 84 Collectors of Internal Revenue have had to give away to democrats.

—The Treasury is withdrawing from circulation the \$1 and \$2 legal tender notes, thus suppressing all change for larger notes but silver dollars and silver fractional coin. This lawlessly done for the purpose of rendering silver unpopular. Its weight and bulk will, it is expected, cause dissatisfaction, and this dissatisfaction, it is hoped, will, in some way, promote the early suspension of the coinage of silver dollars by Congress. [N. Y. Sun.]

—A desperate shooting took place at Owingsville, Ky., which resulted in the death of Mose and Jas. Ballard, brothers of Jack Ballard, who had just been sentenced to twenty years imprisonment for killing Wm. Spencer last spring. The jury had just brought in a verdict and the prisoner was being returned to the jail when Mose and James opened fire upon the guard, who returned the fire, killing both men instantly. Jack Ballard escaped during the fight but was captured. The guard escaped unhurt.

—The grand lodge of Knights of Pythias is in session at Paris.

—The Puritan defeated the Genesta again Wednesday. One more race will settle the cup in her favor.

—Deputy Sheriff Flare, who was shot at Hazard, in Perry county, by a man named Jenkins, will die; the murderer escaped.

—Riel, the leader of the half breed insurrection in Canada, who was to have been hung to-day, has been granted a short reprieve.

—An explosion of sulphur gas at the Otto colliery, ten miles from Pottsville, Penn., instantly killed one boy, fatally injured three men and severely burned ten others.

—At Owingsville Tuesday Ed. Pierce got seven years for robbing Joe Hagerman. An indictment for attempted assassination of Z. Taylor Young, of Rowan county, still hangs over him.

—First Controller Durham has ordered suit to be brought on the bond of Mr. Loring, late Commissioner of Agriculture, for the \$22,000, which is claimed was illegally expended.

—Madam Sara Bernhardt will receive \$500 for each performance during the coming American tour, and a percentage on the receipts beyond a certain sum. She will play 225 times.

—The Frankfort clique appear to be downed at last, so the Owingsboro Messenger will quit striking for the present. However, they should be held down until they hallow "nough."

—The Virginia democrats are making extensive preparations for the biggest kind of a barbecue near Alexandria September 24th, and Gen. Fitzhugh Lee will be present and prominent among the stump speakers.

—The Postmaster General has invited proposals for carrying the mails from July 1, 1886, to July 30, 1889, in the States of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee and Kentucky; proposals to be received up to January 2, 1886.

—It is understood that the Directors of the Kentucky Union railroad are negotiating for the sale of that road to Mason & Co., the lessees of the Kentucky penitentiary. The price offered is \$800,000. The indebtedness of the road is about \$400,000.

—Miss Ida Maxwell, a beautiful young lady of Atlanta, Ga., eloped with John Shelton and the two were married. Miss Maxwell's father and brother, armed with pistols, presented themselves at Shelton's house and in the affray which ensued all three men were fatally wounded.

—Miss Nellie Dean, the daughter of a Chicago rich man, concluded to go to work in a cotton factory, and was told by her father that he would give her a dollar for every cent she earned. She obtained a position as a spinner at sixty cents a day, and now draws \$60 a day from the old man.

—A dispatch from St. Thomas, Ont., says: "Jumbo," the \$300,000 elephant, was killed on the railroad track half a mile east of here last night. His keeper was leading him along the track to load him, when a freight train came up behind him, and ran him down. He was injured so badly that he died in thirty minutes. The trick elephant, "Tom Thumb," was also injured, his leg being broken.

—As a passenger train on the Kentucky Central railroad was nearing Lexington, about noon Tuesday, at a high rate of speed the engine left the rails and plunged down a 300-foot embankment, carrying with it the baggage and smoking cars. Engineer Frank Watts and Fireman H. C. Burger were instantly killed. Thos. McLaughlin, conductor, had an arm sprained, Dan O'Connor, brakeman, arm injured and body bruised, and Robert Taylor, baggage master, arm broken. T. J. Nichols, the well-known horseman of Paris, suffered a broken hip, besides internal injuries, which will probably result fatally. Geo. Pugh and Thos. Alexander, of Paris, and Charles H. Kahn, of Cincinnati, were slightly injured. Several other passengers, including some colored women were badly scalded.

GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

Lancaster.

—Geo. Dany, Sr., sold his Norman stallion to J. E. F. Waitt, of Madison, for \$500.

—Deputy Sheriff J. M. Higginbotham went to Paint Lick Tuesday and arrested one Bad Woolwine who is charged with stabbing his brother-in-law, John Deborde. Woolwine was placed in jail here.

—Misses Daisy Burnside and Mary Reid, of your city, were visiting Mrs. Almira Burnside, near town. Miss Kate Burdett left for North Middletown College Wednesday. Judge Owsley, Maj. Burnside, J. C. Robison and several others went to Louisville Wednesday.

—Rev. C. M. Humphreys, of Millersburg, will be the pastor for the Methodist church for the ensuing year. Rev. W. S. Grinstead was appointed by the Conference to go to Chaplin, Ky. He will leave next week. The many friends this gentleman had made during his two years' stay at this place regret giving him up.

—Edward Clark is the colored engineer at the Lancaster Flouring Mills. At an early hour Wednesday morning E. L. went over to the mill, effected an entrance through a window and put a hundred pounds of flour in a sack and sat it outside the window with the intention of coming out and taking it home. He was seen to enter, however, and when the mill was searched he was found inside. At his examining trial Judge Singleton held him over, fixing his bail at \$200 in default of which he was sent to jail.

—The very large audience that went to see and hear Prof. J. W. McGarvey's descriptive lecture on the Holy Land at the Christian church Monday evening last, was somewhat disappointed, as was that gentleman himself when it was discovered that the cylinder of gas used in the stere-

opticon was consumed when the lecture was only about two thirds completed. The Prof. announced that he would return at an early date and give a free lecture. The net proceeds were about \$60, which will be donated to Rev. W. I. Fowle.

—Your correspondent was informed this morning by a prominent farmer of the Buckeye neighborhood that on Tuesday last a terrible hail storm visited that community doing much damage to the corn and tobacco crops. In some instances whole crops of tobacco were literally torn to pieces by the stones, some of which were as large as a man's fist. Chickens running about were instantly killed and one gentleman who had the misfortune to be caught from under shelter had his beaver cut to smithereens. With great presence of mind, however, he clapped on his head a bucket he was carrying, thus saving his cranium from being bruised, but at the expense of the bucket which was totally demolished. On breaking open several of the hailstones a small lump of blue mud was disclosed.

DANVILLE, BOYLE COUNTY.

—Mr. Morris Martin and Miss Adele Bernard obtained license to marry Wednesday.

—Mr. W. S. Downton chaperoned a party of fishermen who went to Dix River yesterday and caught 25 bass or "jumpers."

—The residence of G. H. Withers 2½ miles south of town, and its contents were consumed, save a small portion of the parlor furniture and a few bedclothes, Tuesday morning. Loss \$3,000; no insurance. Supposed incendiary. The house was built over 100 years ago by Mr. Withers' grandfather.

—Miss Jimima Fields, aged about 70 years, died Wednesday night at the residence of her brother, Mr. Joshua Fields, in this county. She had been in delicate health for some months, the immediate cause of death being inflammation of the stomach. The funeral will take place at 9 o'clock to-morrow (Friday.)

—The last League game between the Nicholasville and Danville B. B. clubs was played Tuesday and resulted in favor of the former 2 to 1. This decided the League championship in favor of the Nicholasvilles. On Wednesday an "exhibition" game was played between the same clubs, when the Danvilles were victors. Score 6 to 3.

—A grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given at the Opera House to-night for the benefit of Trinity church. The programme is as follows: Sopranos—Misses Lilla Foster, Lillie Wood, Lettie Craig, Mattie McAllister and Maggie Randolph. Alto—Misses Mary Oxley, Lee McGarry and Bettie Craig. Tenors—Messrs. Powell and Curry. Baritone—Messrs. Rue and Randolph.

—Mr. Alex. Conn, of Lancaster, is in town, painting in oil, several portraits from life. Mr. Conn has heretofore done considerable work in Boyle county and is highly esteemed as an artist. Mr. Thomas H. Prather, of the West End, informed your correspondent that he would be a candidate for the democratic nomination for assessor. Miss Ida Twidwell, of Hustonville, was in town to-day. Mrs. Benj. Spears and Mrs. G. E. Woodcock, who were so ill last week, are both now much better and in a fair way to recover.

—Some months ago a German whose name cannot now be recalled went to the German colony in this county and obtained employment with an old lady named Joanna Wagner. After remaining a few weeks he broke open a trunk belonging to his employer and taking \$82 therefrom left. It was soon ascertained for the old country. The Catholic priest connected with the colony opened a correspondence with the priest in Germany where the fugitive went and through the instrumentality of the latter one half of the money has already been returned to the owner with the promise that the balance shall be forthcoming in a short time.

—O'Fallon belonging to John L. Spears of this county won the Clark stake at Lexington Wednesday, the value of which was \$725. O'Fallon is by Harry O'Fallon, dam Grace Darling. The Lexington Transcript says of the race: "At the start O'Fallon got the lead, Endover second, Free Knight third, Grimaldi fourth, Sir Joseph fifth, Gen. Clitz sixth. At the head of the stretch Grimaldi was first, Gen. Clitz second, Sir Joseph third and O'Fallon fourth. As they thundered down the home stretch O'Fallon forged to the front and passed underneath the string winner by a length and a half, Free Knight second, a length and a half in front of Sir Joseph third, Grimaldi fourth, Endover fifth, Gen. Clitz sixth. Time 1:19."

—A local set of Baptists called "the Koonites," with one association, five churches and 130 members has been founded in Florida. They hold that the body of Christ was unlike ours.

—The Hopkinsville South Kentuckian says: "The drouth which was ended by the rains of last week lasted almost without interruption from July 10 till September 8, the longest dry spell since 1874, when it did not rain from May 3 till July 11."

A FELON CURE.—To cure a felon, fill a tumbler with equal parts of ice and fine salt; mix well. Stick the finger in the centre, allow it to remain until it is nearly frozen and numb, then withdraw it, and when sensation is restored renew the operation four or five times, when it will be found the disease is destroyed. This must be done before pus is formed. [Philadelphia Press.]

A Boston writer thinks the sexes are drifting apart. We hold that this depends on circumstances. When a mother suddenly brings a light into the dark parlor the sexes drift apart; very suddenly, but there seems to be an affinity, as it were, when a light is turned down low or extinguished, which draws the sexes together again. [Philadelphia Call.]

W. H. HIGGINS,

DEALER IN—

Hardware, Horse Shoes, Groceries, Saddles, Iron, Nails, Queensware, Buggy Whips, Buggy Wheels, Stoves, Cane Mills, Harness, Spokes, Grates, Cider Mills, Lap Covers, Rins, Stoneware, Corn Shellers, Collars,

Oliver Chilled, Champion Steel and Brinley Combined Plows, Wooden, an Cast Pumps, and the Celebrated Mayfield Elevator. Tin Roofing and Gutting will have prompt attention. Salesmen { W. B. McKinney, John Bright, Jr.

THE NEW GROCERY AND HARDWARE HOUSE OF
TAYLOR BROS.
HUSTONVILLE, KY.

Would it. dly ask your attention to the fact that they have just returned from the cities with a large fr sh and well selected stock of CHOICE

FAMILY GROCERIES

In endless variety, dainty in quality and satisfactory in price; this we guarantee. Our aim shall be at all times to supply every want in our line.

OUR HARDWARE AND POCKET CUTLERY

Consists of the Standard Brands of Europe and America. Our large line of Cooking Stoves includes the justly celebrated "Great Western Reserve" and many other family favorites. Our China, Glass and Queensware stock consists in part of Table, Tea and Chamber sets complete, Glassware richly cut and etched. In the way of Breadstuffs we name Buckwheat Flour, the queen of all tribes. Our celebrated Patent "G. M." Flour, unrivalled for cake and pastry, while Rice and Hominy, our own patriotic products, arrayed as faithful adjuncts. All the delicacies in Foreign and Domestic Confections are here. Tin, Stone, Wooden and Willowware, Electric Lamps, Stationery, Canned Meats and Fruits and a complete line of Cigars and Tobaccos. Well, this is only a hint of what we have. Believing that we can make it to your interest, we cordially ask an examination of our goods and your patronage. Respectfully,
TAYLOR BROTHERS.

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PHARMACISTS.

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Drugs, Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles.

Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.

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Ever bought to this market. Prices Lower than the Lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired on short notice and Warranted.

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Dealer in Furniture!

A Full and complete assortment of Furniture, embracing everything from the Cheapest to the Finest Parlor Suites. No need to go to the large cities to make your purchases, no matter what quantity or quality you want, as I can and will duplicate any prices you can obtain elsewhere, freight being added. Also a full assortment of Coffins, Cases, Shrouds and Robes, embracing all the New Styles, both cheap and expensive. Ware rooms opposite St. Asaph Hotel, Stanford, Ky.

PLEASE DON'T FORGET

That we carry the Largest Stock of Groceries, Hardware and Queensware in the city;

That we are Millers' Agents and wholesale depot for Flour and Meal;

That our stock of Pleasure Vehicles, including everything from a Road Cart to a Barouche, is always complete,

And that we guarantee Lowest Prices, style and finish considered.

Also, that we still handle the celebrated Wagons, "Old Hickory" and Mitchell.

Big line of Farming Implements, Grain Drills, Turning Plows, both riding and walking,

And all of which we guarantee at Lowest prices.

BRIGHT & CURRAN.

OUR GARMENTS.

PHILOSOPHY OF CLOTHING AND FACTS IN REGARD THERETO.

The Facility with Which Various Kinds of Goods are Traversed by Heat—Count Rumford's Experiments—The Warmest Clothing.

[La Revue des Deux Mondes.]

The lightest veil is something of a vestment, as it serves to moderate the loss by radiation from a naked body. It is in the same way that a cloudy sky protects the earth from being too much cooled; the dew will only fall when the clouds are absent. In putting on numerous coverings we succeed in diminishing the radiation from our bodies, as if by a series of stopping-off places or relays. Our linen underclothes and our cloaks make up numerous artificial epiderms. The heat that is given off by the skin goes to warm the superimposed clothing; the worse the conductor the slower the heat will pass through; when it arrives at the surface it goes off, but without our perceiving it, as in direct contact of the air we should, since it is not we, but the clothes, that get cold. What renders our clothes a protection to us is their being wadded with a layer of warm air, the temperature of which is maintained at between 29 degrees and 30 degrees C. Each of us thus has his own little atmosphere that follows him everywhere and it renews itself without getting cold. An animal, in its fur, has its couch of air in the interstices, that increase the protecting power. Furs, soft stuffs and feathers owe their warmth to the air that they contain.

It is evidently a question of great interest to determine by experiments the facility with which the various stuffs used as clothing are traversed by the heat. The celebrated Count Rumford was the first who particularly studied these experiments. He used a glass ball with a diameter of 0.04m, surrounded by a tube through which he introduced into a ball a thermometer surrounded by the substance to be examined. The ball was first put in boiling water, and then into a cooling mixture, and he noted the time it took the thermometer to descend from 70 degrees R. to 10 degrees R., to lose 60 degrees R. (75 degrees C.) When the thermometer was bare, it cooled in 9.5 minutes. When it was covered with linen it took 13 minutes. Covered with other kinds of stuffs it took periods of time longer and longer to cool; flax or cotton thread, 14 to 15 minutes; silk or woolen thread, 15 to 16 minutes; flax, lint, cotton wadding, 17 minutes; sheep's wool, 19½ minutes; raw silk, 31 minutes; elder down, hare's fur, 22 minutes. These experiments were made in 1793. The most recent experiments were made by Dr. Krieger. With coverings of flax, cotton, flannel, silk, M. Krieger noted the absorption of heat in the proportions as shown by the following numbers: 90, 100, 102, 108. The influence of color was much greater; for cotton stuffs differed in the following numbers: 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200.

To have an idea of the part played by the conductivity of tissue, M. Krieger ascertained in what measure the loss of caloric was diminished by doubling the various stuffs placed around the iron cylinder. He found that satin, cotton stuffs and fine linen only diminished the loss from 3 to 5 per cent. For buckskin, flannel and rather thick cloth, the loss was lessened from 10 to 30 per cent. The clearest result of these experiments is that the resistance offered by these various stuffs does not depend so much on the conductivity of the textile fabrics that form their substance as on their thickness, volume and texture. A coat that is wadded is much warmer when new than it is after the wadding has been flattened by its use, as it is thus rendered a better conductor. If the doubling of the coverings of the cylinder has little influence when they are wrapped tightly around it, it is very different when a space of one-half or one centimeter, has been left between the two layers. We find, in deducting from the conductivity of the two layers a retardation of the cooling amounting to 35 to 38 per cent, that is caused by the inter-layers of air, as it is independent of the nature of the covering.

From this it follows that, in certain cases, a garment will keep us warmer if it is large than if it were tight; we know that tight gloves or shoes protect us badly against the cold. But in this reasoning we suppose that a layer of air is immovable, a large, flowing garment is really cooler, being favorable to the circulation of the air. The most serious obstacle that the propagation of heat can encounter in a body is the discontinuity of its elements. In the manufacture of the various tissues, destined to clothe us, these principles are profited by, more or less, unknowingly. Very warm clothes are obtained from stuffs that are light, spongy and loose, because they can contain a large volume of air in the interstices between the fibers. I said contain, but it would be more correct to have said allow to pass. Indeed, the warm air that surrounds our bodies is not immovable; it is renewed by filtering through the coverings that we think are destined to isolate us from the surrounding medium.

A condition that is essential for a good garment is that it allows of ventilation. The warmest stuffs allow the air to pass through them more freely than those that are considered the coolest. M. Pettenkofer has demonstrated the proof of this in measuring the volumes of air that passed through a series of tubes, covered with different kinds of stuffs, the same pressure and time being allowed for each kind of stuff. The following numbers will give an idea of their relative permeability: Flannel, 100; linen, 58; silk, 49; heavy cloth, 58; buckskin, 51; glazed skin, 1.

Flannel is 100 times more permeable than a glazed skin, yet we know that it is infinitely warmer. In using double layers the volumes of air were only slightly modified. Thus we see that our clothes are continually aired, and the activity of the exchange depends on the exterior temperature, the agitation of the atmosphere, and on the porosity of the tissues; what is essential, is that the exchange should be made so slowly as to be imperceptible.

The warmest garment is a fur pelisse; but it is not only the skin; it is, above all, the hair that keeps the heat, even if its mass should be comparatively insignificant; the heating efficacy of this kind of apparel is due, above all, to the inter-layers of air. Tight garments are in general unhealthy, being an obstacle to the aeration of the clothes underneath. They are useful to protect us from rain, but they excite perspiration and prevent it from vaporizing.

The Cleverest on Foot.

A Chicago woman while seated on a wheel fishing, fell asleep. Waking and seeing she caught sight of a reflection of one of her feet on the water, and, thinking it was her husband's dory, jumped in and was drowned.

Somerville Journal: Speech is certainly silver at the telegraph office. Ten words for a quarter.

GROWING OLD

[All the Year Round.]
Growing old! The pulchre measure
Keep its even tenor still;
Eye and hand nor fail nor falter,
And the brain obeys the will;
Only by the whitening tresses,
And the deepening wrinkles told,
Youth has passed away like vapor;
Prime is gone, and I grow old.

Laughter hushes at my presence,
Gay young voices whisper lower;
If I dare to linger by it,
All the stream of life runs slower.
Though I love the mirth of children,
Though I prize youth's virgin gold,
What have I to do with either?
Time is telling—I grow old.

Not so dread the gloomy river
That I shrink from so of yore;
All my first of love and friendship
Gather on the further shore.
Ere I feel the blood run cold
Ere I hear it said too harshly,
"Stand back from us—you are old!"

DIVERS DIAMOND DECEPTIONS.

Some of the Tricks Resorted to by Swindlers and Unscrupulous Dealers. (Chicago Tribune.)

"Is there a large amount of imposition at present in your business?" asked a reporter of a diamond dealer.

"In an article where not one in a hundred has any knowledge whatever, and not more than one in 10,000 is a good judge, there must necessarily be a good deal of imposition. The methods of cheating may be divided into three classes. The first and most common is when flawed, imperfect, or off-colored diamonds are sold for first water, flawless gems. This takes place every day and every hour of the day. Those who are the principal sufferers are would-be smart persons who snatch at a so-called bargain and deserve what they get.

If people would remember that fine diamonds are the easiest things to sell in the world, that any jeweler who deals in gems is always willing to purchase at a small deduction from current rates, they would not be bitten so often.

The next two methods are swindling pure and simple. There are several precious stones which are of an entirely different composition to the diamond, but resemble that gem so closely that non-experts are often led to take them for diamonds and discover the imposition. The basis of the diamond, as almost everybody knows, is carbon. The basis of the stones I now allude to is alumina, and they are known under the generic term 'corundums.' The principal stones substituted and sold for diamonds are the white sapphire, white topaz and the zircon or jargon. White sapphire and topaz are worth from \$2 to \$3 a carat, zircon much less. Batches of these stones have been and are still sold for diamonds. They can be at once identified by experts for their inferior hardness and difference in specific gravity. The specific gravity of the diamond is 3.5, that of white sapphires and topaz is 3.5, zircon 4.4.

The last method of swindling is when imitation stones made in various ways are sold for the genuine article. Most of this is carried on than you would think possible. In Europe, especially in Paris, the art of making fine imitations of diamonds has been brought to perfection. Many of these of course are sold for what they are, many are made for wealthy people who in temporary difficulties wish to raise money on their diamonds, and have these stones set in the same manner to wear while the real article is out of their reach, but large quantities are set in fine style and sold for first water diamonds. A dealer or jeweler is seldom victimized in this way, except when one or two stones are mixed with a very large parcel."

Method of Shooting Snipe.

(Cor. Philadelphia Times.)

One method is adopted by sportsmen in killing bay birds, and the sport coming at a season when no other shooting can be had and the field of operation always situated within reasonable distance of a summer resort, where he may be sojourning on the arrival of the flight, a day's sport in their quest is always enjoyable and adds to their monotony of stereotyped seaside recreation.

Taking advantage of the sociability of these birds and noticing the general direction the wind may be forcing the flocks in their southerly flight, the sportsman constructs a hiding place, in which he can keep strictly out of sight, and sets out upon sticks thrust into the ground at convenient distance from his blind two or three dozen wooden imitations or decoys, and when the birds appear in sight attracts their attention by mimicking their peculiar whistle. This seldom fails to deceive them and they are brought within gun-shot, when the gunner delivers his fire, collects his birds and returns to his hiding place and awaits another flock. A blind is readily made of dry seaweed, which can always be found near by or a hole can be dug in the soft sand and its contents banked up around it and topped with dry trash, procured at high water mark.

A southwest wind generally makes the best shooting, especially when the flocks are traveling down the coast, as it forces them to make their way close to the shore, within calling distance, and if a point of sand or a meadow bank which extends into the bay be chosen upon which to build a blind and place the decoys, every bird or flock that passes will be attracted. Bay snipes are always more on the move when the tide is rising, at which times they are compelled to quit the bars where they have congregated to feed and seek higher grounds to light upon. When the ponds and wet places on the salt meadows are visited by them, which is always done on the rising stage of the tide, the shooting is often bad; but unless a good breeze be blowing to keep down the myriads of mosquitoes ever found in such localities the shooter will be quick to give up possession to these tormentors.

Some Reliable Signs.

(Pretzel's Weekly.)

When two or more females board a car at the same time, it's a sign that they are going to quarrel as to who will pay the fare, and that they will finally end in the Philadelphia plan.

When a lonely girl and a pretty girl walk along the street together, it's a sure sign that the lonely girl will carry the parcel, and that she will cover the pretty girl's face with it.

When a small boy is caught with surreptitious articles in his possession, it's a sign that "another fellow does it."

When a prisoner is interviewed in the station house, it's a sign that he's "in for a new trial."

Progressing in Practice.

(Drake's Magazine.)

Pretty Cousin (to young doctor)—So you are a full-fledged doctor, are you, Tom? Young Doctor—Yes, I got my diploma last week. Pretty Cousin—Have you any speciality? Young Doctor—Yes, I shall make children's diseases a specialty. Pretty Cousin—Ah, yes, I see; and as you gain experience you will be able to attend older people. That's right, Tom; begin at the bottom of your profession and work your way up.

Has a man who reaches a short

LIFE WITH THE LAPPS.

PECULIARITIES OF THE PEOPLE, AS NOTED BY A TRAVELER.

Sophus Tromholt's Experience Under the Rays of the Aurora Borealis—Tent Life—Dogs and Reindeer—A Lapp Wedding.

[Globe-Democrat Book Review.]

Of course the author could not live among the Lapps for a year without noting many peculiarities of their daily life. All live in tents, there being no such things as articles of furniture, the ground supplying the place of chair, table and bed, men, women, children and dogs all lying together.

"It is obvious that life in such a tent is not very refined or well regulated. There are no fixed meals, caused chiefly by the circumstance that members of the family have each to take their turn in guarding the reindeer. A large kettle hangs always over the fire, and when a Lapp wants to eat he dives with his hands into the pot, fetches out a piece of meat, which he devours by the aid of the knife always carried at his side, the fingers serving as forks. During the winter reindeer meat and milk, the latter either frozen or in the form of cheese, and melted snow, constitute the food and drink of the Lapp, in addition to which, he will, when obtainable, consume a large quantity of coffee. Any one sharing in a Lapp's meal must not be disgusted if he finds a certain amount of reindeer hair in the food, as the latter sticks to every object—kettles, spoons, forks and hands. It is almost impossible to get rid of this, as by the slightest rubbing they become electrical and adhere still more. The dogs stand by when food is being consumed and watch every morsel from hand to mouth with intense attention. In the night they crawl about the tent, selecting the warmest of the company for a couch.

It is rare that the entire family is at once collected in the tent, as the herd always requires their attention day and night. Men, women, boys and girls all share in the task, being relieved twice a day. Each one brings his own dogs, which only obey his commands, while those relieved take back their hungry ones. Often, therefore, eight or ten dogs walk over the sleeper to find a snug corner. And they certainly need rest, considering that they are in constant action during the day, guarding the flock. On them depend the well-being and safety of the herd, and by them alone is the flock gathered and moved from one place to another.

"As soon as Lapp children can walk they are dressed as grown-up people, and look very funny by their dwarfish appearance. But the babies have no clothes at all, being swaddled in sheepskin and moss in a sort of half basket, half cradle, formed of wooden ribs, in the shape of a little trough, covered with leather, its size being adapted to that of the baby. For the protection of the baby's head there is a wooden disk at the upper end, similar to that on cradles. When the child is packed away, the mother throws the sustaining strap over her shoulder and thus supports it. When the child is packed, it is not only easier to handle, but is also safer against the wind, and the cradle is often stuck on end in the snow while the mother goes into the hut. The games and amusements of Lapp children consist chiefly in making lasses and pulks and practicing their use.

When Lapp children enter school, they are like unbroke colts; either they are defiant or seek safety in excuses. "They are indifferent to their parents and entirely neglect them if property or other agitational considerations do not influence them. Only unwillingly do they take care of their parents in old age and more from a sense of shame than from any feeling of affection. Old and decrepit people are much in the way of the Lapp moving from place to place, and for this reason they are rarely taken about, but either left to beg, or bidden to leave the family of settled Lapps.

During Christmas week the Lapps had an opportunity of attending a Lapp wedding, and although many of the old customs have passed away the ceremony is still interesting.

"The bride is dressed in a costume which, by the Lapp, is considered to be the grandest and most brilliant toilet the human mind can conceive. The striped frock is new. Around the neck and shoulders a many-colored shawl is worn, but over it is cast, in the most exquisite manner, a gaudy silk wrapper, the intense colors of which—yellow, green and red—throw the other entirely into the shade. Over this again is tied a silk scarf with various colors, which is fastened with a brooch on the breast, and a showy necklace of silver ornaments is hung round the neck and shoulders; to keep it all, the bride wears a kind of muf, formed of a large pail. But the gem of the whole is the headgear. It is a kind of crown but differing greatly from those worn by the peasant women of Scandinavia on such occasions. The Lapp bride's crown is formed of colored silk, strings of pearls and silver ornaments, closed above with a bunch of flowers and silver-gilt leaves, with a number of long, many-colored silk ribbons of various patterns and with a tassel from the top down the neck. The bridegroom is clothed in the usual blue summer coat with a broad silver-laden belt, but the diploma of his dignified position is a narrow white band laid round the neck and crosswise over the breast, the ends nearly reaching the ground.

"Topping the question is done by the lover attempting to take possession of his Dialect's furry glove, and her answer is indicated by the willing, half-willing or unwilling manner in which she submits to the robbery. On marriage he looks with the eye of a man of business; disappointments in love, unhappy unions and unrequited affection are utterly foreign to him."

Most Gorgeously Appareled.

(Chicago Tribune.)

Among the ladies at Long Branch this summer, one of the wealthiest, most "dismal," and most gorgeously appareled is the wife of a New York barber who has made his fortune in stock speculation. Her husband still scraps—chins, notwithstanding the fact that his wife has "society" aspirations. Most of his customers are brokers and railroad men. He picks up valuable "points" from them, and for that reason insists on remaining in business.

Another woman who wears splendid toilets and jewels is the wife of a Brooklyn baker. Her husband, starting in life as a journeyman kneader of dough, hit upon a kind of bread that pleased New York's palate, and now he is a millionaire, lives in great style, and maintains one of the handsomest turnouts on the coast.

The Doctor Forbade It.

(The Rambler.)

Cooley—I see that you have given up wearing that hat-bani, chappay.

Wally—Yes, dear boy, hat to doctah forbade it, doncher know.

Cooley—Why, where's the harm in wearing a hat-bani?

Wally—The doctah said it was such a deud heavy pweessah on me brain that I had to stop wearing it. I say, too bad, isn't it?

Please examine the label on which your name is printed and remit us the amount you owe if you are in arrears.

FARM FOR SALE.

I offer for sale my Farm of 12½ Acres, midway between Turnersville and McKinney. It is in good condition, well improved, has brick house and all the necessary outbuildings. Apply to or address me at McKinney, Ky.
—50-2m
W. A. HAMILTON.

FARM FOR SALE.

I offer for sale privately my Farm, lying immediately on the pike between Millersville and Stanford, containing 27½ Acres of first-rate Blue-Grass Land. The Farm is in a good state of cultivation; fences and buildings in good repair; 20 Acres in grass; 50 Acres in corn. Rent pays over 8 per cent and taxes. Address me at Hustonville, Ky.
—46-1m
J. W. WEATHERFORD.

FOR SALE.

A Desirable Farm Containing about 100 Acres of Good Land. Nearly all in cultivation, situated on the Stanford and Lancaster turnpike road, about 2 miles from Lancaster, Ky. Well improved. Will be sold privately. Any one in need of such a Farm can get the particulars by calling on J. Potter on the place of addressing the undersigned at Gilberts Creek, Lincoln county, Ky.
—6-3m
JOHN F. HOLZCLAUF,
Agent for E. B. Smith's Heirs.

SALE OF PERSONALTY.

I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on my premises near Hustonville, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 26th, 1885,

All of my personal property, consisting in part as follows:
Twenty-two head of Cattle, 8 head of Horses, 25 head of Hogs, 10 head of Sheep, about 200 bushels of wheat, 32 Acres of Corn and Fodder in the field about 20 tons of Hay, 1 Wood Combined Reaper and Mower, 1 A-bion Seeder and Cultivator, 1 two-horse Wagon, 1 Spring Wagon, one Buggy and Harness, and other Farming Implements, also my Household and Kitchen Furniture.

TERMS.—All sums of \$10 and under, cash; over that amount, a credit of three months; notes with approved security required, bearing 6 per cent. Interest, negotiable, and payable in the National Bank of Hustonville.
Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M.
—54-td
L. B. ADAMS.

MYERS HOTEL.

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E. H. BURNSIDE, - Proprietor.

This Old and Well-Known Hotel Still Maintains its High Reputation.

AND

Its Proprietor is Determined that it shall be second to no Country Hotel in the State in its Fare, Appointment, or Attention to the Comfort of their Guests.

Baggage will be conveyed to and from the depot free of charge. Special accommodations to Commercial Travelers. The Hotel will always be supplied with the choicest brands of Liquors and Cigars.

Dr. E. J. Nickerson,

Physician and Surgeon,

Office on 4th St., - - Danville, Ky.

Piles and Fistula Perfectly Cured.

No Knife, Ligature or Caustic Used.

Treatment Mild. No Detention From Business.

Cure Certain and Permanent. No Cure, No Pay.

Special Attention also Given to Chronic Kidney & Bladder Troubles.

As well as all Diseases peculiar to Women.

Charges moderate. Dr. N. can be consulted free of charge and will be found at his office at all times for the next three months.

By permission he refers to the following gentlemen: J. S. Bosley, G. A. Lackey, S. Irwin, Stanford, Ky.; Judge G. F. Lee, Tom Murphy, W. P. Temple, John M. Spoonamore, Sam Cook, Danville, Ky.; Rev. J. A. Bogie, Hustonville; H. O. Sutton, J. S. Robinson, Lancaster, Ky.; Thos. B. Walker, C. C. Christian, Kirksville, Ky.; J. S. Johnson, Bryan Station, Ky.; J. P. Daniel, Ky.; J. S. G. G. J. Bosley, Lebanon, Ky.; Geo. Lewis, Campbellsville, Ky.; A. A. McGinnis, Bowling Green, Ky.; Geo. Bobb, Judge J. W. Hughes, Harrodsburg, Ky.; C. C. Shumate, McAfee, Ky.

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H. C. RUPLEY.

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